Trust Matters

Leadership for Successful Schools

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The Overzealous Reformer



- Passionate about the task
- Impatient to make change
- Forgot that teachers do the real work of schools

Damage to Civic Order

- Broken promises
- Lying
- Stealing ideas or credit
- Changing the rules "after the fact"
- Abusive exercise of authority
 coercive or threatening behavior, favoritism,
 improper dismissal, sexual harassment
- Shirking of job responsibilities
- Disclosure of private confidences



Breech in Identity



- Public criticism
- Wrong or unfair accusations
- Blaming others for personal mistakes
- Insults to oneself or to one's collective

The Keep-the-Peace Principal

- Avoided conflict
- Failed to hold students and teachers accountable
- Avoid making hard decisions
- Teachers and staff felt vulnerable



Moment of Truth



- Great ideas to make things BETTER
- BETTER means different
- Different means change
- Change leads to resistance

High Expectation/ High Caring

- Balanced commitment to the task with commitment to the people
- Expected a great deal
- Provided resources and support
- Inspired teachers to go beyond their contractual obligations



Trust is...

a willingness to be vulnerable based on the confidence that the other person is:



- Benevolent
- Honest
- Open
- Reliable
- Competent

Benevolence



- Caring
- Good will
- Supporting teachers
- Expressing appreciation
- Being fair
- Unconditional positive regard

Honesty

- Integrity
- Telling the truth
- Keeping promises
- Honoring agreements
- Authenticity
- Accepting responsibility



Openness

- Open communication
- Sharing important information
- Delegation
- Shared decision making
- Sharing power

Reliability



- Consistency
- Dependability
- Commitment
- Dedication
- Diligence

Competence

- Handling difficult situations
- Pressing for results
- Problem solving
- Conflict resolution
- Being flexible
- Modeling hard work



Benefits of Trust



- It confers a Competitive Advantage
- Makes for more adaptive, agile organizations
- Helps avoid the Threat-Rigidity Syndrome
- Resources are utilized to greatest advantage

Correlates of Trust

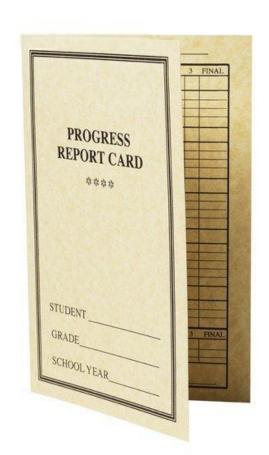
- Organizational Citizenship Behavior
- Collaboration
- School climate
 - teacher professionalism
 - collegial leadership
 - academic press
 - community engagement
- Collective efficacy
- Conflict management



Bottom Line

 Trust is related to student achievement

 In HLM analysis, an even more potent a predictor than SES



Betrayal is



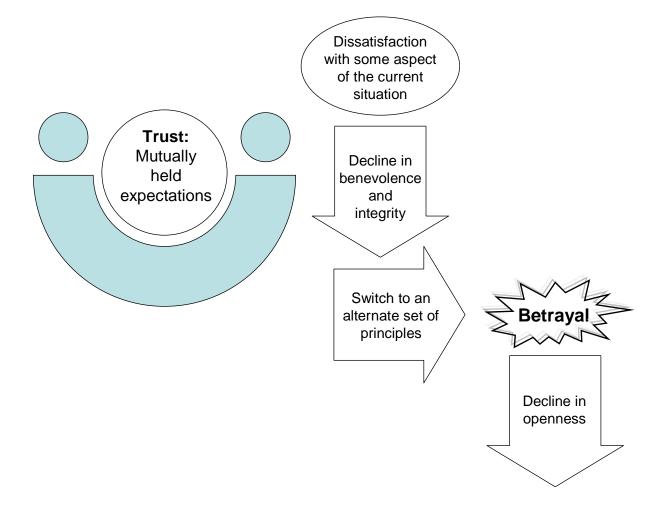
a voluntary violation of mutually understood expectations that has the potential to threaten the well-being of the trusting person

Betrayal

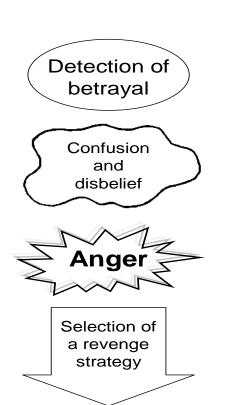
- Betrayal involves an action or behavior
- The act has the <u>potential</u> to cause harm, even if other factors mitigate the actual harm caused
- Even if never detected, the violation still constitutes a betrayal

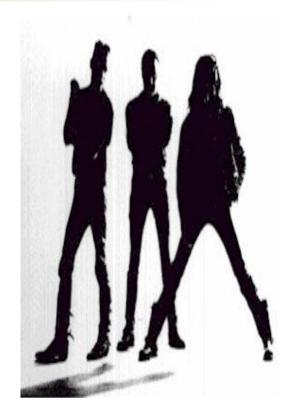


The Anatomy of Betrayal



The Dynamics of Revenge





Social Withdrawal Revenge Fantasies Feuding

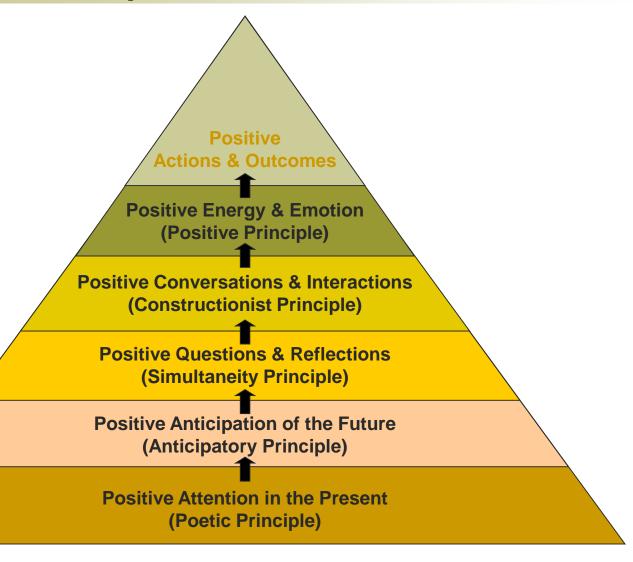
Confrontation

Forgiveness

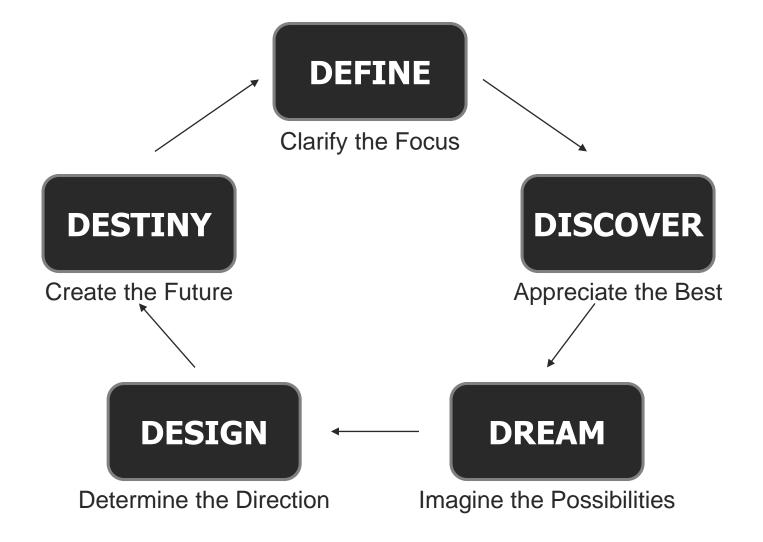
What is Appreciative Inquiry?

- A way for organizations to quickly generate the energy, ideas, strategies, and momentum for transformational change.
- A positive way of being with people that looks for strengths rather than weaknesses.
- A source of inspiration, vision, and trust.

Five Principles of Al



Five Phases of Al



Make No Small Plans

Make no small plans. They have no magic to stir humanity's blood and probably themselves will not be realized.

Make big plans; aim high in hope and work, remembering that a noble, logical plan once recorded will never die, but long after we are gone will be a living thing, asserting itself with ever-growing insistency.

- Daniel Burnham, 19th Century Architect